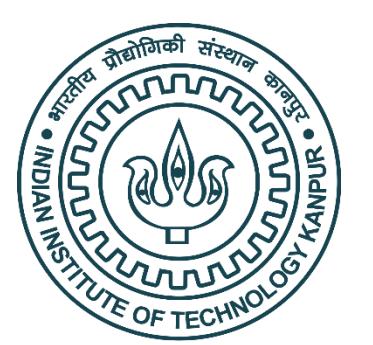




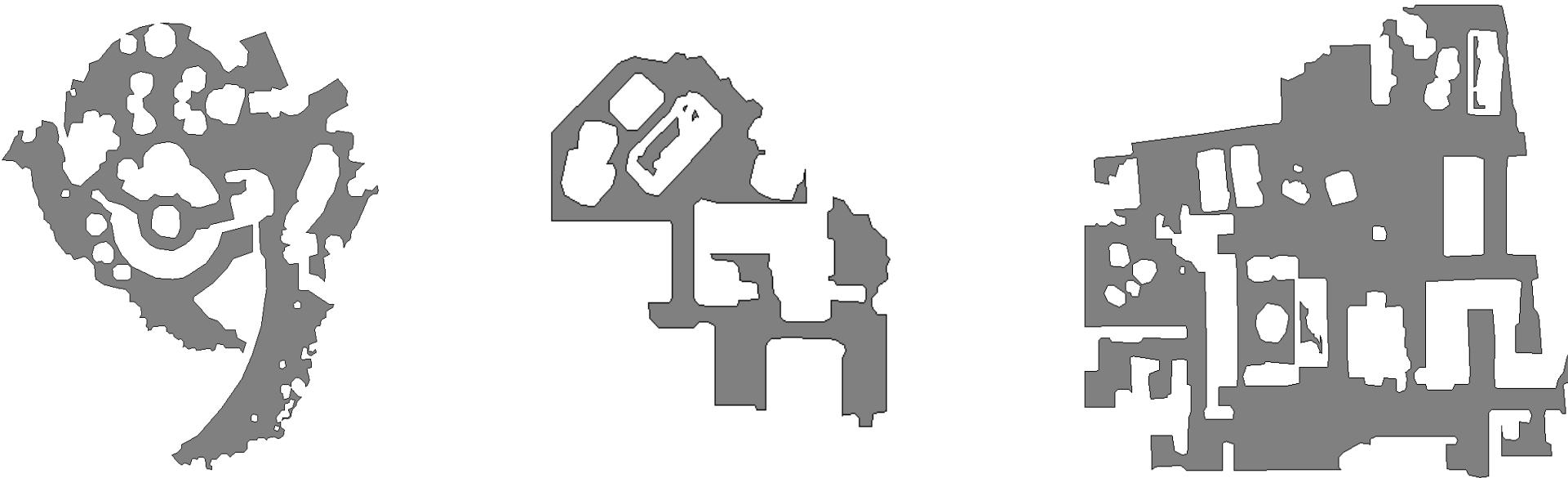
MultION: Benchmarking Semantic Map Memory using Multi-Object Navigation

Saim Wani*, Shivansh Patel*, Unnat Jain*, Angel X. Chang, Manolis Savva



<http://shivanshpatel35.github.io/multi-ON/>

Benchmarking map memory for long horizon tasks



Occupancy map visualizations

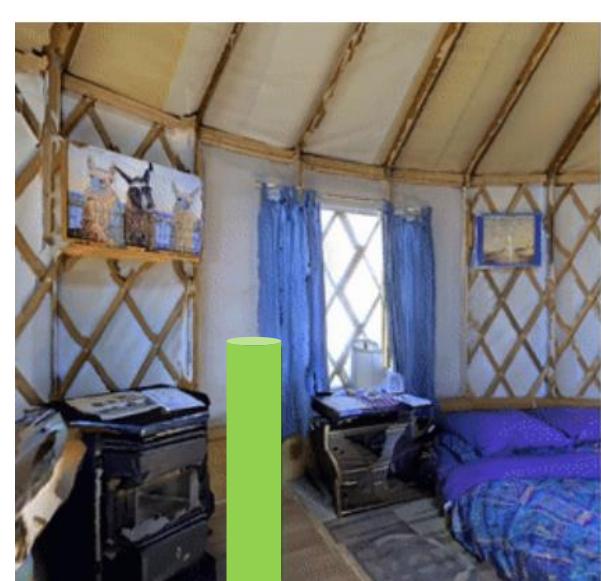
- Long-horizon navigation tasks in embodied AI remain challenging
- Spatial map memory used by much prior work
- However, no systematic study of map memory impact on long horizon tasks

Contributions:

1. Introduce **MultiON**: a multi-object navigation benchmark task
2. Quantify the utility of map memory and effect of different design choices

MultiON

Navigate to an ordered sequence of target objects placed within the environment



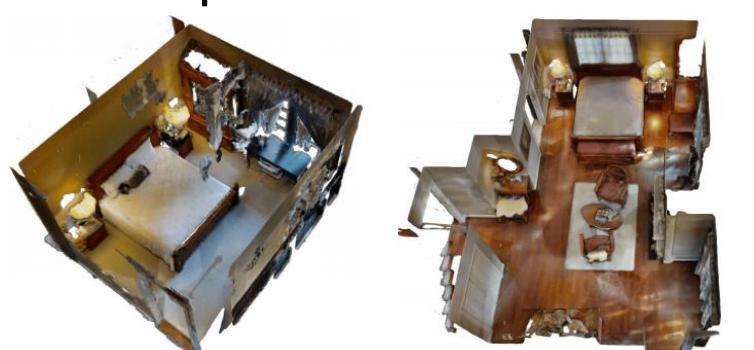
2

Input: RGBD observations and sequence of target objects

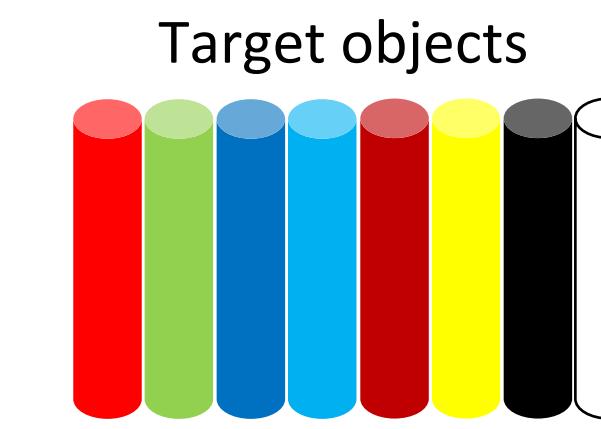
Output: actions

Assumptions: perfect localization, sensors, actuation

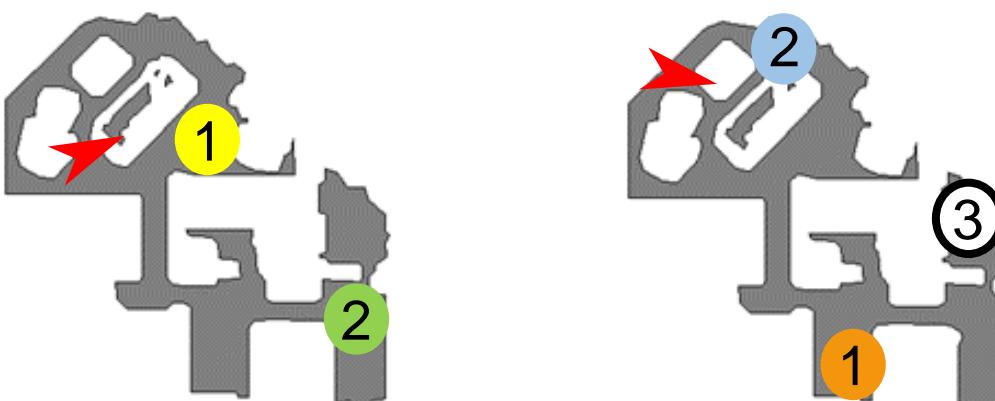
Matterport3D environments



Target objects



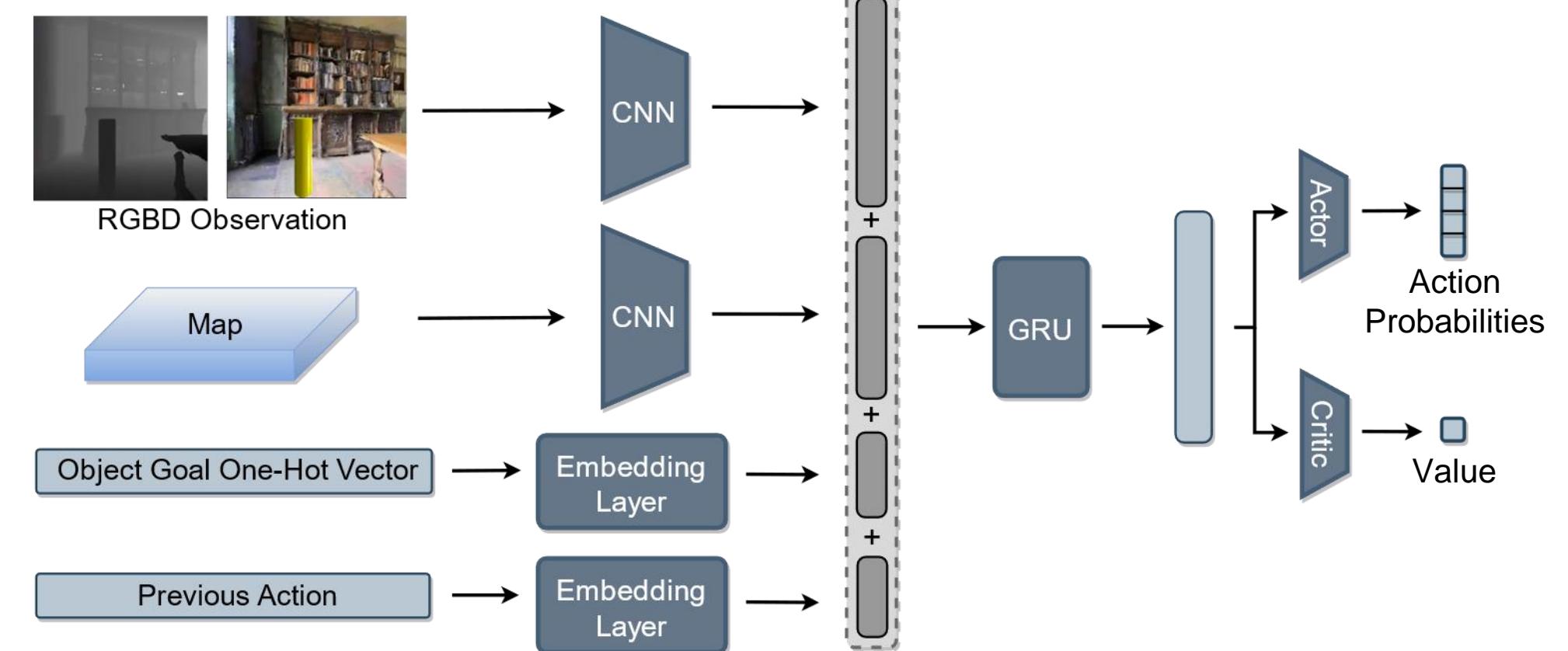
MultiON allows direct control of task complexity



Map memory variants

- NoMap (RNN)
 - ProjNeuralMap
 - ObjRecogMap
 - OracleEgoMap
 - OracleMap
- Fully learned (no oracle information)
- Not fully learned (use oracle maps)

Agent architecture

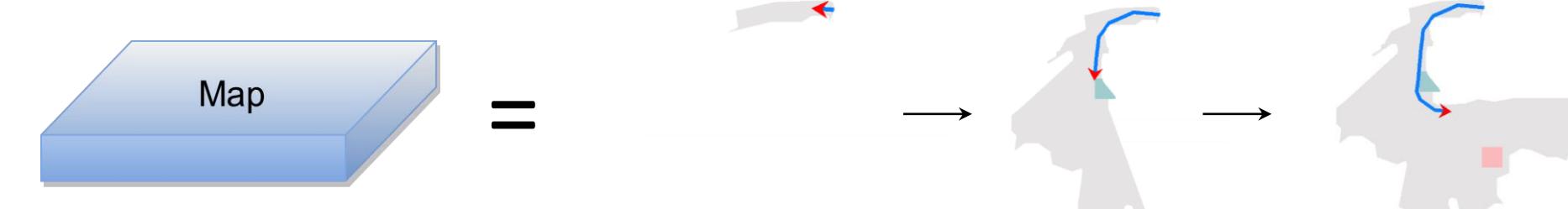


OracleMap: full oracle maps

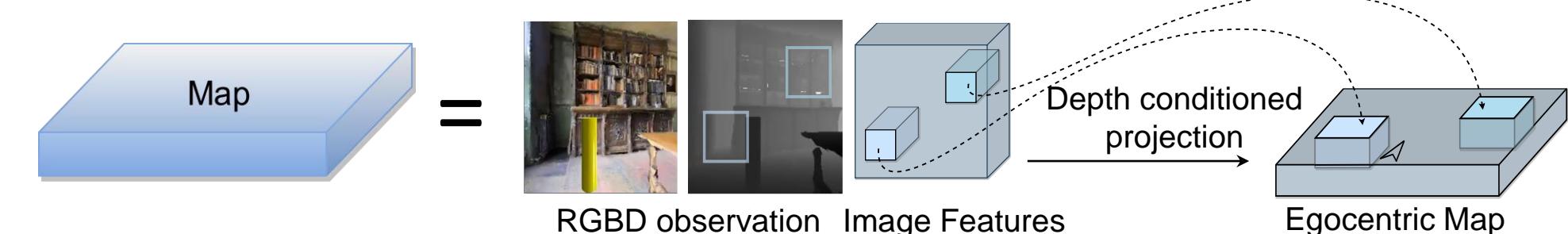


Navigable area
Goal category

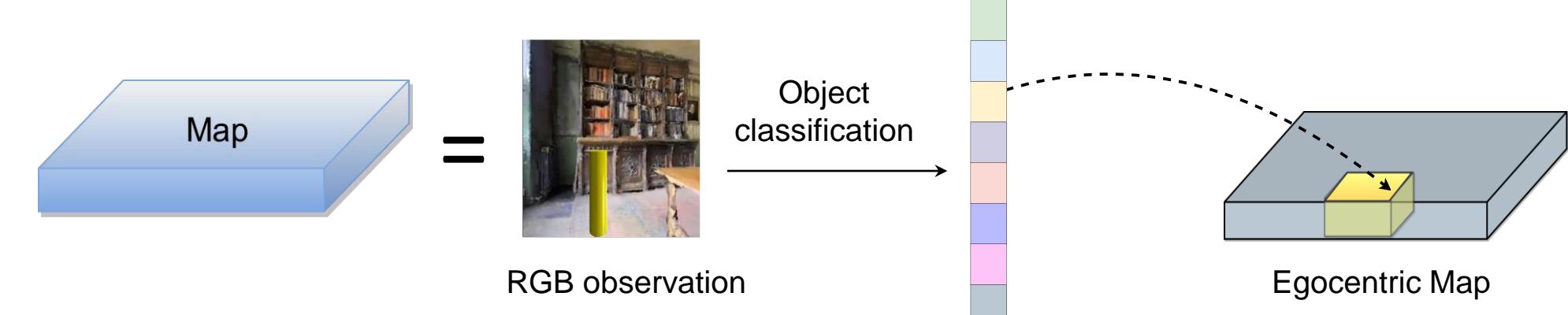
OracleEgoMap: egocentrically revealed oracle maps



ProjNeuralMap: egocentrically constructed neural feature maps



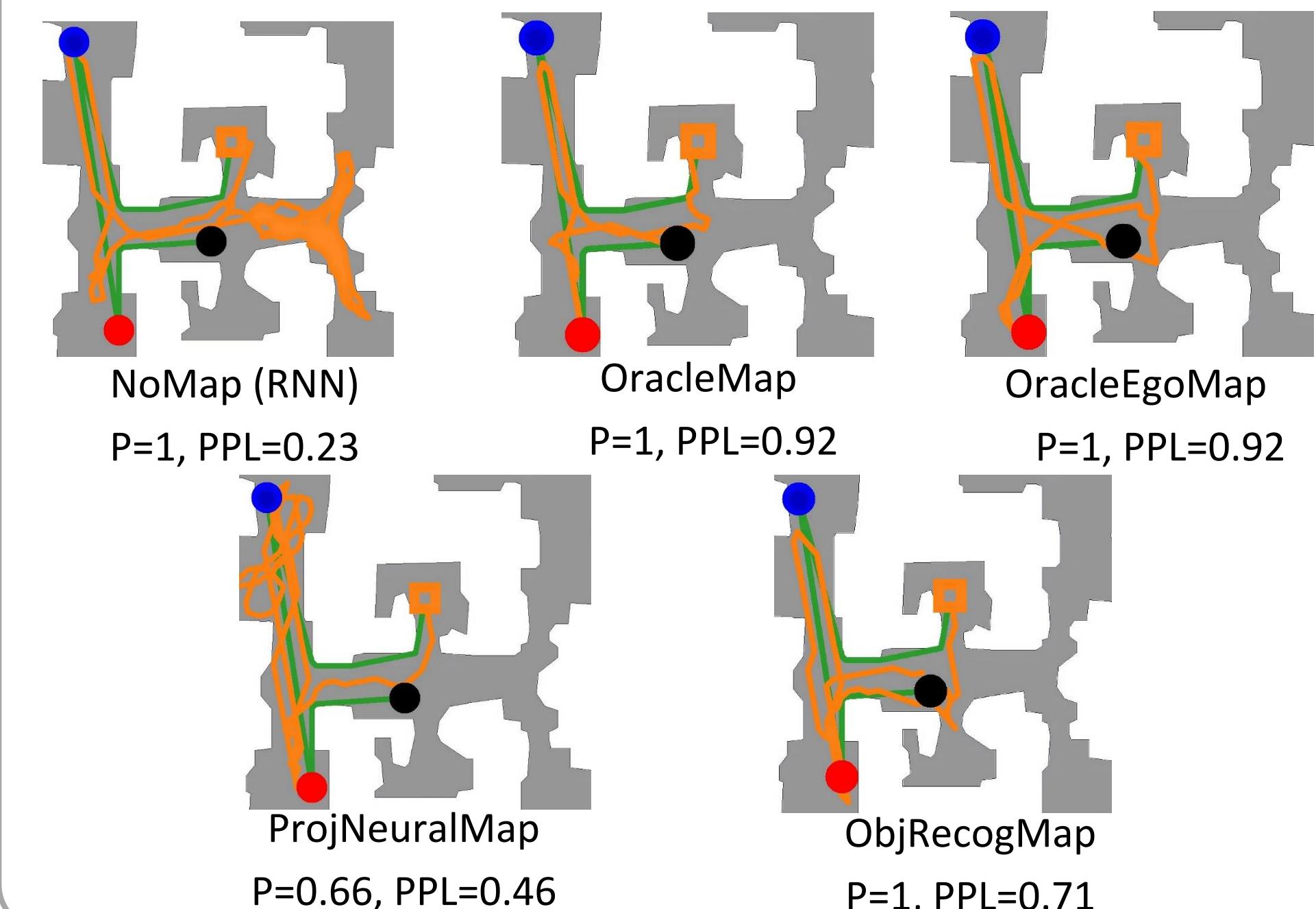
ObjRecogMap: egocentrically constructed object class maps



Evaluation metrics

- **Progress**: fraction of goals found
- **PPL**: progress weighted by normalized inverse path length
- **Success**: binary indicator of episode success
- **SPL**: success weighted by normalized inverse path length

Qualitative results



Quantitative results

	Model	1-ObjectNav	2-ObjectNav	3-ObjectNav
NoMap	NoMap (RNN)	62	39	24
	FRMQN (prev work)	62	42	29
Oracle	SMT (prev work)	63	44	22
	OracleMap	94	79	62
Learned	OracleEgoMap	83	71	54
	EgoMap	69	59	44
	ProjNeuralMap	70	57	46
	ObjRecogMap	79	62	40

Progress of agents on 1-ON, 2-ON and 3-ON test set

Conclusions

- Spatial maps are useful for long horizon navigation tasks
- Goal information more useful than occupancy information
- Sizeable gap between oracle and learned agents is incentive for future work